# Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2022

# Annual Statement regarding Governance of the Defined Contribution Section

#### **Annual Statement Regarding Governance**

London United Busways Trustee Company No.3 Limited (the 'Trustee') is the trustee of the London United Busways Retirement Benefits Plan (the 'Plan').

Regulations effective from 6th April 2015 require the Trustee to prepare a statement showing how it has met certain minimum governance standards in relation to defined contribution (DC) benefits. These standards cover four principal areas relating to the Plan's DC benefits, namely:

- the default investment arrangement;
- core financial transactions;
- value from member borne deductions; and,
- the trustees' knowledge, understanding and resources.

This statement sets out the steps taken by the Trustee to meet the statutory governance standards for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 (the 'Scheme Year'). It has been prepared in compliance with regulation 23 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Scheme Administration) Regulations 1996 (the 'Administration Regulations').

The Trustee operates a DC Working Party. Previously, the DC Working Party focused on the management of the Plan's DC benefits. The DC Working Party is still in place but its role changed over 2022, with the work previously undertaken by it brought back to the Trustee Board. It is anticipated that going forwards, the Trustee will host two DC focussed meetings each year, with the DC Working Party maintained for any day to day work requiring attention outside of the Trustee meetings. The DC Working Party is made up of the Trustee Chair, RATP Dev UK Ltd's (the 'Sponsoring Employer') Pensions Manager (who also serves as a Trustee), and the Trustee's DC consultant (Mercer).

Members have the following DC benefits in the Plan:

- Additional Voluntary Contributions ('AVCs') no new AVCs were accepted after 30 June 2017.
- Benefits in the Pension Investment Plan ('PIP') no contributions could be made to the PIP after 24 October 2013.

#### Key terms

This statement uses some terms that you may not be familiar with, in particular:

- Some of the investment funds are 'with profits' and some are 'unit linked'. Broadly speaking, a unit linked fund is
  an investment vehicle that pools assets and gives investors a unit that entitles them to a share of the assets
  including their investment return or loss. A with profits fund is similar to a unit linked fund but seeks to smooth out
  the ups and downs of investment returns and provide guarantees.
- Transaction costs are the expenses incurred by asset managers when buying, selling, lending or borrowing investments.
- 'Smoothing' is a term relevant to with profit funds and is broadly speaking when profit in good years is held back to cover losses in bad years.
- A Market Value Reduction (only applicable to the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund) is a way of ensuring that
  members in a with profits fund do not lose out when another member in a with profits fund takes his or her
  savings out early.

# 1. Investment (including the default investment arrangement)

The Trustee is responsible for setting the Plan's investment strategy and for appointing investment managers to carry out that strategy. The Plan is not required to have a default arrangement, but the Trustee must establish whether any of their investment arrangements could be considered a default. A default investment arrangement is an investment fund that is used for members who join pension arrangements but do not choose how their DC savings are invested.

There is no default option in relation to the AVCs. This is because members made an investment choice when opting to make AVCs.

However, from a review of the joining documentation for the PIP, the Trustee has received legal advice indicating that the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund is a default investment option for the PIP.

Details of the investment strategy (i.e. the Trustee's aims, objectives and policies for the default option) are set out in a document called the Statement of Investment Principles (the 'SIP'). The latest copy of the SIP for the default investment option is appended to this statement. It has been prepared in accordance with regulation 2A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment Regulations) 2005. Part of the SIP's aim is to articulate the principles and policies that guide the Trustee's decisions when making investments including in relation to matters such as risk and diversification.



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The objectives of the default arrangement are to achieve a stable and smoothed level of return over the medium to long term. The Trustee selected the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund because its objectives are consistent with the Trustee's. The fund is invested in a range of assets including equities, government and corporate bonds, property and cash. The strategic investment mix is reviewed regularly by Clerical Medical and assets are chosen with a view to getting the best possible long-term performance and making sure the fund can meet its guarantees. It may provide bonuses in line with policies, and additionally guarantees at the discretion of Clerical Medical and depending on the investment performance of the fund's underlying assets.

The Trustee's DC Working Group conducts an annual review of the DC arrangements, including performance of the default, with help from professional advisers. This annual review includes reviewing a comprehensive monitoring report, which includes past performance.

The Trustee also carries out a more in-depth review of both the strategy and performance of the default option at least every three years (and more often if there are any significant changes in investment policy or the membership) as required by legislation.

The Trustee conducted an in-depth review of the default investment strategy and performance of the default investment option (as required by regulation 2A of the 2005 Investment Regulations) in 2020 on advice from Mercer. The review considered the performance of the Plan's investments and profile of members. This final review took place at the DC Working Party meeting on 10 November 2020. This review concluded:

- Performance of the unit linked funds has been mixed and should continue to be monitored by the Trustee;
- The Clerical Medical With Profits Fund has generally performed in third or fourth quartiles compared with our With Profits funds, based on the data available:
- Utmost offers a small fund range and limited online service for members; and,
- At a minimum, member communication was required to assist members with considering the suitability of the available investment options.

In relation to the default investment strategy, the Trustee is conscious to balance the performance of the Clerical Medical With-Profits Fund with potential loss of future terminal bonuses and application of market value adjustments should a change in the strategy be agreed. This, in conjunction with consecutive poor value for money assessments, meant the Trustee investigated its options in relation to transferring the DC and AVC benefits to another arrangement over 2021. It found no alternative arrangement which would allow members to retain their investments in the Clerical Medical With-Profits fund if they wished. This, combined with the potential loss of future bonuses, meant that the Trustee decided not to pursue the option to transfer members elsewhere at this stage.

Over 2022, the Trustee continued to explore options to transfer the DC benefits out of the Plan. It has submitted a proposal to the Company in this regard and, if this proposal is accepted, members will be contacted in due course with an update on the proposals. If this transfer does not proceed, a review of the default investment strategy will be undertaken and presented to the Trustee at its meeting scheduled for November 2023.

#### **Net Investment Returns**

From 1 October 2021 trustees of all relevant pension schemes are required to calculate and state the return on investments from their default and self-select funds, net of transaction costs and charges. This information must be recorded in the annual Chair's Statement and published on a publicly accessibly website.

The table below shows performance, net of all charges and transaction costs, of all funds available to members during the Plan year:

| Annualised returns to 31 December 2022 (%) |               |               |  |  |
|--|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| Fund Name                                  | 1 year        | 5 year        |  |  |
| Clerical Medical With-Profits*             | Not available | Not available |  |  |
| UK Government Bond                         | -23.97%       | -3.56%        |  |  |
| Global Equity                              | -7.28%        | 7.68%         |  |  |
| UK Equity                                  | -1.12%        | 1.94%         |  |  |
| Managed                                    | -5.84%        | 2.47%         |  |  |
| Money Market                               | 0.85%         | 0.16%         |  |  |

<sup>\*</sup> By its nature, the charging structure and performance of the Clerical Medical With-Profits fund is not transparent – for example, investment returns are earned in the form of discretionary bonuses calculated by the provider. Additionally, amounts paid out are smoothed over a period and will not specifically reflect the value of the underlying assets.

Statutory guidance has been taken into account when preparing this section of the statement.



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#### 2. The processing of core financial transactions

As required by the Administration Regulations, the Trustee must ensure that core financial transactions are processed promptly and accurately. This section explains how it does that.

This includes the following actions so far as they relate to DC benefits:

- Investment of contributions paid to the Plan;
- Transfer of members' assets into and out of the Plan;
- Transfers of members' assets between different investment options available in the Plan; and
- Payments from the Plan to, or in respect of, members.

Since the AVC and PIP arrangements no longer accept new contributions, the main transactions that occur are paying out of benefits and the switching of investment options (if any).

For 2022 these transactions were undertaken on the Trustee's behalf by Utmost, as the investment and administration provider during 2022 in respect of the Plan's DC benefits.

There were no scheme level service level agreements in place with Utmost. Utmost did not disclose the processes that they have in place to ensure that core financial transactions proceeded promptly and accurately. They provided the Trustee with annual transaction summaries, but these did not set out sufficient detail to enable the Trustee to assess the accuracy and timeliness of core financial transactions. Our advisers, Mercer, on behalf of all of their clients that held investments with Utmost, asked Utmost to provide this information to policyholders, but they declined. This affected all pension schemes with Utmost investments. Mercer continues to monitor this on behalf of the Trustee, in respect of Utmost's ongoing services.

Utmost provided the following generic information on its service levels on heritage Equitable Life schemes:

Service Level Agreements during 2022 were measured as follows:

- 95% of payments out made within 5 days
- 95% of illustrations completed within 10 days
- 90% of general servicing completed within 10 days

Mercer, as the Plan administrator, also has a role in the processing of core financial transactions. Mercer will process the payment of member benefits out of the Plan and would receive any investment switching options (via the in-house Pensions Officer). Mercer then instruct Utmost to make the appropriate disinvestment or investment switch. The Trustee has service level agreements in place with Mercer that cover the accuracy and timeliness of this element of the financial transaction process.

Mercer records all member transactions and benefit processing activities in a work management system, which assigns the relevant timescale to the task.

Mercer's administration reports disclose performance against agreed timescales. These disclosures are considered by the Trustee at their meetings and are reviewed against the targets set. The Trustee requires additional disclosures in respect of any transactions and benefit processing activity that has not been completed within the agreed timescales including the cause of the delay, the extent to which agreed timescales are breached and the proposed remedial measures.

The Trustee also monitor the accuracy of the Plan's data quarterly. A summary report is received from the Plan administrator.

As a wider review of the Plan administrator in general, the Trustee receives the Plan administrator's assurance report on internal controls. For the Plan year, the report received was for the period 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 (the 2022 report had not been received at the time of signing this statement) and noted the Independent Service Auditor's opinion that, in all material aspects, its controls were suitably designed and those tested operated effectively.

During 2022, the Trustee did not identify any instances where core financial transactions were not processed promptly and accurately.

The Plan's risk register details the risks to Plan members associated with a failure to process core financial transactions promptly and accurately and it is monitored and reviewed on at least an annual basis.

Matters that arise relating to the administration of DC benefits are discussed at the Trustee meetings.

The Trustee is pleased that in the last Scheme Year there have been no material administration service issues. We are confident that the processes and controls in place with the Plan administrator (Mercer) are robust and will ensure that the financial transactions which are important to members and which they administer are dealt with properly.



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#### Charges and transaction costs during 2022

The Trustee is required to report on the charges and transaction costs for the investments used in the default arrangement as well as the wider fund choice available and assess the extent to which the charges and costs represent good value for members. When preparing this statement, the Trustee has taken account of statutory guidance when producing this section.

The default investment option for PIP benefits, the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund, attracts an explicit annual management charge of 0.50% p.a. This was the annual management charge during 2022 and there is no anticipated change for 2023. (The level of transaction costs payable in relation to this fund is unknown as explained below.)

However, the total charges underlying a with profits investment are not clear. Pay outs on "surrender" and "maturity" (i.e. disinvestment) will reflect all charges incurred, though they are not separately identified. Moreover, the actual performance received by members, net of charges, is only ever known upon maturity/surrender, after any increase for guaranteed terms and after the effect of 'smoothing'. For example, if the guarantee impacts on the amount paid out, it could mean the underlying charges have been zero. This lack of clarity is relevant to the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund.

For other investments that are not with-profits investments and called 'unit linked' funds, the annual management charge (plus any relevant transaction charges – see below) are the only charges payable by members.

In addition to the PIP default investment option, the Trustee also makes available range of alternative investment options that may be chosen by members.

The annual management charges and transaction costs for the funds that make up the investment strategy for the alternative investment options are:

| Fund                           | AMC during 2022 as % of<br>assets under<br>management | Other costs including<br>transaction costs as % of<br>assets under<br>management | Total charges impact as<br>% of assets under<br>management |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UK Government Bond             | 0.50%   | 0.21%  | 0.71%  |
| Global Equity                  | 0.75%   | 0.11%  | 0.86%  |
| UK Equity                      | 0.75%   | 0.25%  | 1.00%  |
| Managed                        | 0.75%   | 0.10%  | 0.85%  |
| Money Market                   | 0.50%   | 0.02%  | 0.52%  |
| Clerical Medical With-Profits# | 0.50%   | Unknown*   | Unknown*   |

<sup>\*</sup> Utmost has not confirmed the full costs for the Clerical Medical With-Profits Fund, albeit they have produced illustrations as to the impact of the cost and charges. This means the Trustee has not been able to obtain the level of transaction costs applicable to this fund. The Trustee will continue to liaise with Utmost to obtain confirmation of the full costs and Mercer will do so on its behalf (and on behalf of their other affected clients, as agreed).

# By its nature, the charging structure is not transparent – for example, investment returns are earned in the form of discretionary bonuses calculated by the provider. Additionally, amounts paid out are smoothed over a period and won't specifically reflect the value of the underlying assets.

The annual management charge consists principally of the fund manager's annual charge for managing and operating a fund, but also includes the costs for other services paid for by the fund such as legal costs, registration fees and custodian fees. However, they exclude other costs that are also member borne and which can therefore have a negative effect on investment performance such as transaction costs and interest on borrowings. Utmost has confirmed that transaction costs are met out of members' funds in addition to the annual management charge.

#### Transaction costs borne by members

The charges referred to above include transaction costs. These are costs incurred by fund managers as a result of buying, selling, lending or borrowing investments. These costs are taken into account by the fund managers when calculating the unit price for each of the funds. The transaction costs shown are calculated on a methodology known as 'slippage cost'. This compares the price of the stocks being traded when a transaction was executed with the price at which the transaction was requested. Market movements during any delay in transacting may be positive or negative and may also outweigh other explicit transaction costs. For this reason, overall transaction costs calculated on the slippage method can be negative as well as positive.

To date transaction costs have been difficult to identify which is why the government and regulators have introduced requirements on asset managers to disclose this information. However, not all managers have done this yet.

The information disclosed by Utmost on transaction costs has been included in the table above. Utmost confirmed that no charges are applied to switch investments between funds (though a Market Value Reduction may apply in respect of the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund).



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As noted above, the Trustee has been unable to obtain information about the level of transaction costs applicable to the Clerical Medical With Profits Fund (the PIP) default investment option. The Trustee continued to ask Mercer to liaise with Utmost to seek to obtain a complete set of transaction costs information.

Illustration of the impact of costs and charges

Using the charges and transaction cost data provided by Utmost and in accordance with regulation 23(1)(ca) of the Administration Regulations the Trustee, with Utmost's and Mercer's assistance, has prepared an illustration detailing the impact of the costs and charges typically paid by a member of the Plan on their retirement savings.

The below illustration has taken into account the following elements:

- Savings pot size;
- Real terms investment return gross of costs and charges;
- Adjustment for the effect of costs and charges; and
- Time.

To illustrate the impact of charges on a typical member's pension pot, we have provided an example below. This includes all member costs, including the Total Expense Ratio, transaction costs and inflation. The illustration covers all possible time periods. On average, a member has a total fund value of c.£8,000 as at 31 January 2023.

The Trustee has had regard to DWP's statutory guidance when preparing this example. However, to help members compare and contrast how the different cost and charges will impact the money invested in each fund in use, Utmost have assumed each fund to have a starting amount of £1,000. This is not necessarily reflective of the median amount that is invested in each fund. This is the only material way in which the below example deviate from the approaches suggested by the statutory guidance. The charges contained in the illustration are in pounds (£).

| Term | Clerical Medical With-Profits |                                     | Managed        |                                     |
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
|      | Before Charges                | After Costs and<br>Charges Deducted | Before Charges | After Costs and<br>Charges Deducted |
| 1    | 1,010                         | 999                                 | 1,010          | 1,002                               |
| 3    | 1,030                         | 997                                 | 1,031          | 1,006                               |
| 5    | 1,050                         | 995                                 | 1,052          | 1,010                               |
| 10   | 1,102                         | 990                                 | 1,107          | 1,020                               |
| 15   | 1,157                         | 985                                 | 1,165          | 1,030                               |
| 20   | 1,214                         | 981                                 | 1,226          | 1,041                               |
| 25   | 1,275                         | 976                                 | 1,290          | 1,051                               |
| 30   | 1,338                         | 971                                 | 1,358          | 1,061                               |
| 35   | 1,405                         | 966                                 | 1,429          | 1,072                               |
| 40   | 1,475                         | 962                                 | 1,503          | 1,083                               |
| Term | UK Equity                     |                                     | Global Equity  |                                     |
|      | Before Charges                | After Costs and<br>Charges Deducted | Before Charges | After Costs and<br>Charges Deducted |
| 1    | 1,020                         | 1,009                               | 1,020          | 1,011                               |
| 3    | 1,060                         | 1,028                               | 1,060          | 1,033                               |
| 5    | 1,101                         | 1,047                               | 1,101          | 1,056                               |
| 10   | 1,213                         | 1,097                               | 1,213          | 1,115                               |
| 15   | 1,336                         | 1,149                               | 1,336          | 1,177                               |
| 20   | 1,472                         | 1,204                               | 1,472          | 1,242                               |
| 25   | 1,621                         | 1,261                               | 1,621          | 1,312                               |
| 30   | 1,786                         | 1,321                               | 1,786          | 1,385                               |
| 35   | 1,967                         | 1,383                               | 1,967          | 1,462                               |
| 40   | 2,166                         | 1,449                               | 2,166          | 1,543                               |



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| Term | UK Government  |                                     | Money Market   |                                     |
|------|----------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
|      | Before Charges | After Costs and<br>Charges Deducted | Before Charges | After Costs and<br>Charges Deducted |
| 1    | 985            | 979                                 | 978            | 973                                 |
| 3    | 957            | 940                                 | 936            | 921                                 |
| 5    | 929            | 901                                 | 895            | 873                                 |
| 10   | 863            | 812                                 | 801            | 761                                 |
| 15   | 802            | 732                                 | 717            | 664                                 |
| 20   | 745            | 660                                 | 642            | 580                                 |
| 25   | 692            | 595                                 | 574            | 506                                 |
| 30   | 643            | 536                                 | 514            | 441                                 |
| 35   | 597            | 483                                 | 460            | 385                                 |
| 40   | 554            | 436                                 | 412            | 336                                 |

#### Notes:

- 1) Projected pension pot values are shown in today's terms, and do not need to be reduced further for the effect of future inflation.
- 2) The starting pot size in each fund is assumed to be £1,000
- 3) Inflation is assumed to be 2.5% p.a. in line with specified assumptions used in Statutory Money Purchase Illustrations
- 4) Values shown are estimates and are not guaranteed
- 5) The projected growth rate for each fund are as follows:
  - Unit-Linked Equity 4.5% p.a. (Managed, UK Equity, Global Equity)
  - Unit-Linked Fixed Interest 1.0% p.a. (UK Government Bond)
  - Unit-Linked Cash 0.25% p.a. (Money Market)

Source: Utmost

This statement has been produced having regard to the Department of Work and Pension's September 2018 guidance: 'Reporting of costs, charges and other information: guidance for trustees and managers of relevant occupational schemes'.

## Value for Money

In accordance with the Pensions Regulator's DC Code of Practice number 13 and the Administration Regulations, the Trustee (having taken professional advice) has carried out an assessment of the extent member borne DC charges and transaction charges (to the extent known) represent good value for members.

Good value means different things to different people. The Trustee believes that it balances costs against benefits (such as services). However, there are circumstances affecting Utmost at the moment which play a large part in a good value analysis.

The Trustee assessment followed the process undertaken previously, whereby the Trustee applied an assessment framework for measuring price, performance and productivity of the funds, scheme governance, at retirement solution, administration, online access & member tools and Member services & communications. Both costs and quality of services were taken into account. A poor, neutral and good rating system was used. The criteria were not weighted but instead reviewed holistically. Mercer advised the Trustee on their analysis and as such the Trustee benefits from Mercer's understanding of the DC market and comparative offerings.

The Trustee reviewed Mercer's assessment (issued on 4 April 2023 and approved by the Trustee on 25 May 2023) and concluded that the costs and charges paid by members represents poor value for money because:

- The range of limited investment options with Utmost nudges the overall value from neutral to poor;
- Charges on funds have been assessed by our advisors as comparing as around average / neutral with those of peer funds. They could be considered as high by current DC standards but in line with expectation for legacy AVC schemes;
- The performance of the Plan's funds over the 5 years to 31 December 2022 has been mixed with a number of funds failing to beat or match their benchmark, although where unit linked funds have performed below median this has only been marginal, hence representing reasonable to poor value for members;



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- Scheme governance was broadly assessed as good. The structure put in place, including the DC Working Group
  and Professional Trustee, and separate meetings provides for specific focus on defined contribution issues and
  topics:
- As a retirement solution, the Plan allows options as required under legislation but not much flexibility. This is therefore seen as neutral;
- Utmost has service standards of between 5 and 10 working days. As an additional overlay the Mercer administration team has a service level agreement in place that is monitored quarterly. This was assessed as good overall; and,
- Utmost does not offer online access and minimal member communications. The Trustee did communicate with members during 2022 (see below).

The Trustee Directors continue to closely monitor developments in this area. As mentioned above, during 2022, the Trustee Directors explored options for transferring the DC and AVC benefits to alternative benefits,

It should be noted that in 2021, following the poor value for money assessment as at 31 December 2020, the Trustee wrote to the membership to let them know of the poor value assessment and to remind them of their options. As stated earlier in this Statement, the Trustee continues to explore alternative vehicles to transfer the DC and AVC funds into.

The Trustee also produced a targeted DC newsletter over 2022 to supplement the basic communications issued by Utmost.

As at the date of the most recently audited accounts, the Plan had more than £100 million in assets and so it was not required to produce a Value for Members assessment as required by the Administration Regulations.

#### 4. Trustee knowledge and understanding

In accordance with sections 247 and 248 of the Pensions Act 2004 and TPR Code of Practice 07, the Trustee Directors are required to maintain an appropriate level of knowledge and understanding which, together with professional advice which is available to them, enables them to properly exercise their functions and duties in relation to the Plan. This requirement has been met during 2022 as follows:

- The Trustee Directors maintain a trustee training log, which the Plan Secretary and Chair review to identify knowledge gaps in and agree how to address the gaps. They also take suggestions to identify gaps based on upcoming Trustee business.
- The Trustee receives regular advice from its actuarial, investment, legal, audit and consultancy advisers. Advisers regularly attend Trustee meetings and help the Trustee to obtain the necessary working knowledge of pensions law, trust law, funding and investment issues. Trustee advisers provide the Trustee with specific training on relevant items and proactively flag new regulatory, legal or market changes that would materially impact the Plan. The papers for every main Trustee meeting contain a Mercer paper flagging such changes over the last few months.
- The Trustee has (as required) one third representation by member-nominated Trustee Directors, who enable the Trustee to always access a member-perspective (in line with those individual's trustee duties).
- The Chair of the Trustee is a professional independent trustee, with a considerable amount of trustee and pensions consulting experience. He has a great deal of high quality experience as a trustee of both DB and DC schemes and an in depth knowledge of governance and operational issues for pension schemes. In particular, he has a great deal of understanding of the Plan's administration practices and is conversant with the Plan rules, SIP, statement of funding principles and trustee policies. He and his colleagues helped draft some of those policies when he became a Trustee Director of the Plan. The professional trustee came on board prior to the Plan closure to accrual and so quickly became familiar with its benefit structure, funding levels and investment strategies.
- Support is provided by a Plan secretary provided by the Company's in-house pensions function.
- The Trustee regularly takes advice from their investment consultants and legal advisers in respect of matters of funding, investment and pensions law and trusts, and the Chair (and/or the Plan Secretary on his behalf) liaises with those advisers about the agenda for upcoming Trustee meetings.
- The Trustee have been focusing on how to improve member value and exploring whether it would be possible to transfer all DC and AVC savings to another provider.
- The Trustee undertook specific training over the year on the Single Code, Value for Member assessments, the nature of with-profits funds, and its whistleblowing obligations.



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The Trustee Directors are conversant with the Plan's SIP and review this with assistance from the Plan's investment advisers. This is evidenced by the fact that the SIP is discussed at relevant Trustee meetings and also between the Chair and the investment consultant on a more regular basis. They also have a working knowledge of the Plan rules and Trustee policies. This is demonstrated in Trustee meetings when the Trustee Directors, and the advisers, are discussing member death cases or other issues relating to the Plan's operation. These requirements are also met as a result of the bullet points above.

Collectively they are an independent minded group of Trustee Directors who work collectively and collaboratively with all of their advisers.

Taking account of the Trustee Directors as individuals and collectively, and the professional advice available to them, the Trustee Directors consider that they have appropriate knowledge and understanding. It means that when making trustee decisions, the Trustee Directors ask the right questions of the right adviser and properly challenge all of their advisers, as well as instinctively knowing which documents to refer to and what requirements must be adhered to. Importantly it means they 'know what they don't know' and when to obtain professional advice to plug the gap. These actions demonstrate that the Trustee Directors are enabled to carry out their duties as trustees.

#### Chair's declaration

This statement has been prepared in accordance with Regulation 23 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Scheme Administration) Regulations 1996 as amended by the Occupational Pension Schemes (Charges and Governance) 2015 (together 'the Regulations') and I confirm that the above statement has been produced by the Trustee Directors to the best of our knowledge.

(together 'the Regulations') and I confirm that the above statement has been produced by the Trustee Directors to the best of our knowledge.

Signed on behalf of the Trustee Company on 9 June 2023

| M Fletcher |                  |
|------------|------------------|
|            | Trustee Director |

